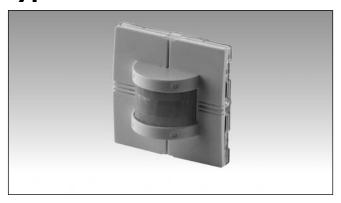
# Smart Dupline® Eunica line, PIR Sensor and Luxmeter Type SHE5XP150L





- Passive infrared presence/movement detector with built-in luxmeter
- Light measuring range: 0 to 20 klux
- Developed to fit into wall socket and frames from Elko, Gira and Jung
- Indoor applications
- Operating distance: max 10 m
- · Supplied by bus, no external power required
- Programmable white and blue LED for presence and movement detection
- Delivered with 2 white and 1 black push-button covers

### **Product Description**

The SHE5XP150L is a 150° PIR sensor to detect presence and/or movement in indoor installations with built-in luxmeter, combining two products in one. It is part of the smart-house concept and can be used to control lights, rollerblinds,

air-conditioning, intruder alarms and all the other functions supported by the smart-house system, in an automatic way depending on people-presence. This sensor is completely programmable via the SH tool.

Ordering Key	SH E5 X P 150 L
smart-house — Housing 55 x 55 mm — Standard — Pir Sensor — Detection angle — Luxmeter —	

### **Type Selection**

Housing	Colour	LEDs	Supply by bus
55 x 55 mm	White / Black *	1 white / 1 blue	SHE5XP150L

<sup>\*</sup>Delivered with white and black push-button covers.

## **Input Specifications**

Infrared inputs Lens Angle	Dual detecting zones 150°
Operating distance	≤ 10 m
Characteristic deviation Response time Sensor range Accuracy over temperature	-3% to + 3% It depends on the number of variables in the system 0 to 20 kLux  0° to 40°C ± 10% -30° to 0°C ± 15% +40° to 60°C ± 20%

### **Dupline® Specifications**

Voltage	8.2 V
Maximum dupline® voltage	10 V
Minimum dupline® voltage	5.5 V
Maximum dupline® current	5.8 mA

## **Output Specifications**

Output
LED 1 blue / 1 white

## **Supply Specifications**

Power supply Supplied by bus



### **General Specifications**

Address assignment	Automatic: the controller recognises the module through the SIN (Specific Identification Number) that has to be inserted in the SH tool.	
Environment Degree of protection Pollution degree Operating temperature Storage temperature Humidity (non-condensing)	IP 20 3 (IEC 60664) 0° to +50°C (+32° to +122°F) -20° to +70°C (+4° to +158°F) 20 to 80% RH	
Connection Screwless detachable D+ D-	0.2 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Signal GND	
Housing Back part dimensions Back part + front dimensions Back part material Push button covers  Accessories	55 x 55 x 24 mm 55 x 55 x 42.6 mm Plastic, transparent Plastic white (RAL 9010) Plastic clear white (RAL 9016) Plastic black Plastic frame	

Weight	50 g
CE Marking	Yes

### **Mode of Operation**

This PIR sensor responds to any fluctuation in infrared heat radiation, so any object or human presence changes the thermal image detected by the sensor when entering its field of vision.

The sensor is equipped with a segmented lens that divides the field of vision into active and passive zones (zones not visible to the sensor, see figures "Horizontal and Vertical sensitive area"). When a heat source crosses these zones, the sensor detects the change in infrared radiation and presence and/or movement are recognised.

How sensitive and fast the sensor has to be to detect presence and/or movement can be programmed by means of four parameters, by means of the SH tool.

The four parameters are: mode of detecting the crossing of active zones, sensitivity, the number of pulses and the time window in which these pulses have to be detected. These four parameters have to be set for both presence and movement recognition.

Movement is used by the system in the intruder alarm function and to switch the light on, while presence is used in the light function to reload the energy-save timer (i.e. each time presence is detected, the energy-save timer starts counting from the beginning).

#### 1) Mode of detection

A: one border between the active and the passive zone has to be crossed to give a pulse signal. This option has

to be selected for presence detection and movement and turns the light on as soon as a person moves from an active to a passive area or vice versa (very quick response).

B: two borders have to be crossed to give a pulse signal. The person has to move from an active area to another active area, passing through a passive one or vice versa.

This option is recommended for sensors used in the intruder alarm function, in order to avoid false alarms.

#### 2) Sensitivity

A number can be set from 3 to 100: the smaller this value is, the longer the detection distance, but the higher the sensitivity to heating sources.

In the figures "Horizontal and Vertical sensitive area", three examples of different sensitivity can be seen.

### 3) Number of pulses

The number of pulses is calculated according to mode A or B before sending a people detection message to the controller. This can be set from 1 to 8.

#### 4) Time window

This is the time interval within which the predefined number of pulses is detected. It can be set from 1 to 10 seconds.

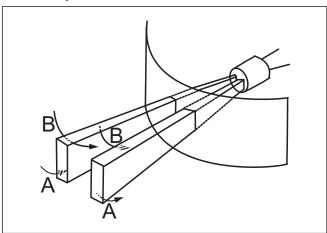
In the table below is an example of settings which, of course, might depend on environmental conditions, application and type of installation.

	Presence	Movement (light fx)	Movement (alarm fx)
Mode of detection	Α	A	В
Sensitivity	1030	3070	50100
Number of pulses	1	1	3
Time window	10	2	10

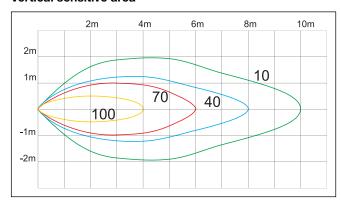


### Mode of Operation (cont.)

#### Active and passive zones



#### Vertical sensitive area



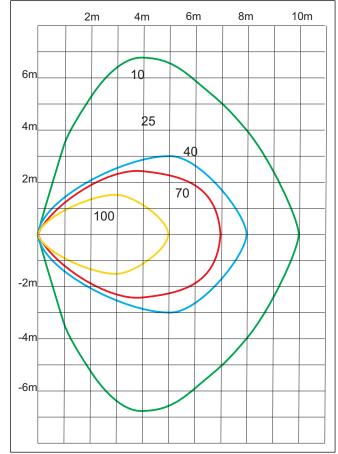
### **LED** programming

There are two configurable LEDs (one white and one blue) built in the SHE5XP150L to be programmed.

White LED: the user can select one of the following options

- 1. LED always OFF
- 2. LED flashes shortly every seconds if a presence/ moviment is detected If the white LED is not programmed, it is always OFF.

#### Horizontal sensitive area



Blue LED: the user can select one of the following options

- 1.LED always OFF
- 2.LED flashes shortly every seconds if a presence/ moviment is detected
- LED flashes shortly every seconds if it is used as feedback of a function status

If the blue LED is not programmed, it is always OFF.

### Addressing

No addressing is needed since the module is provided with a specific identification number (SIN): the user has only to insert the SIN number in the SH tool when creating the system configuration.

Used channel: 2 input channels, 1 output channel.

## Mounting

The PIR detector designed for mounting at a standard switch heiaht (1,1m). As the SHE5XP150L is a passive device, several detectors can be placed in the same room without interfering with each other. The module should not be

installed as follows:

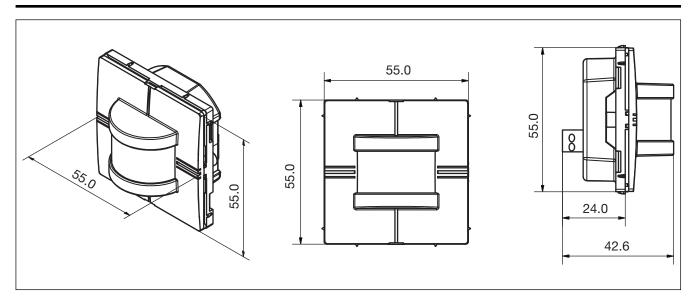
- a) Outdoors.
- b) In places exposed either to sunlight or to motor vehiheadlights cle pointing directly at the sensor.
- c) In places exposed to direct air flow from a heater or air conditioner.
- d) In places where rapid temperature changes occur. e) In places exposed to severe vibration.
- f) Close to glass or other objects which might reflect the infrared radiation.

Note: If the sensor is to detect presence, please be careful to mount it so that the area where presence has to be detected is completely covered by the sensitive area of the sensor.

See figures "Horizontal and Vertical sensitive area".



# **Dimensions**



# **Wiring Diagram**

